

A Modular Capability for Community Modeling of Flares/CMEs and their Interplanetary Impacts



GSFC / UMichigan



Overview and Status

Team:

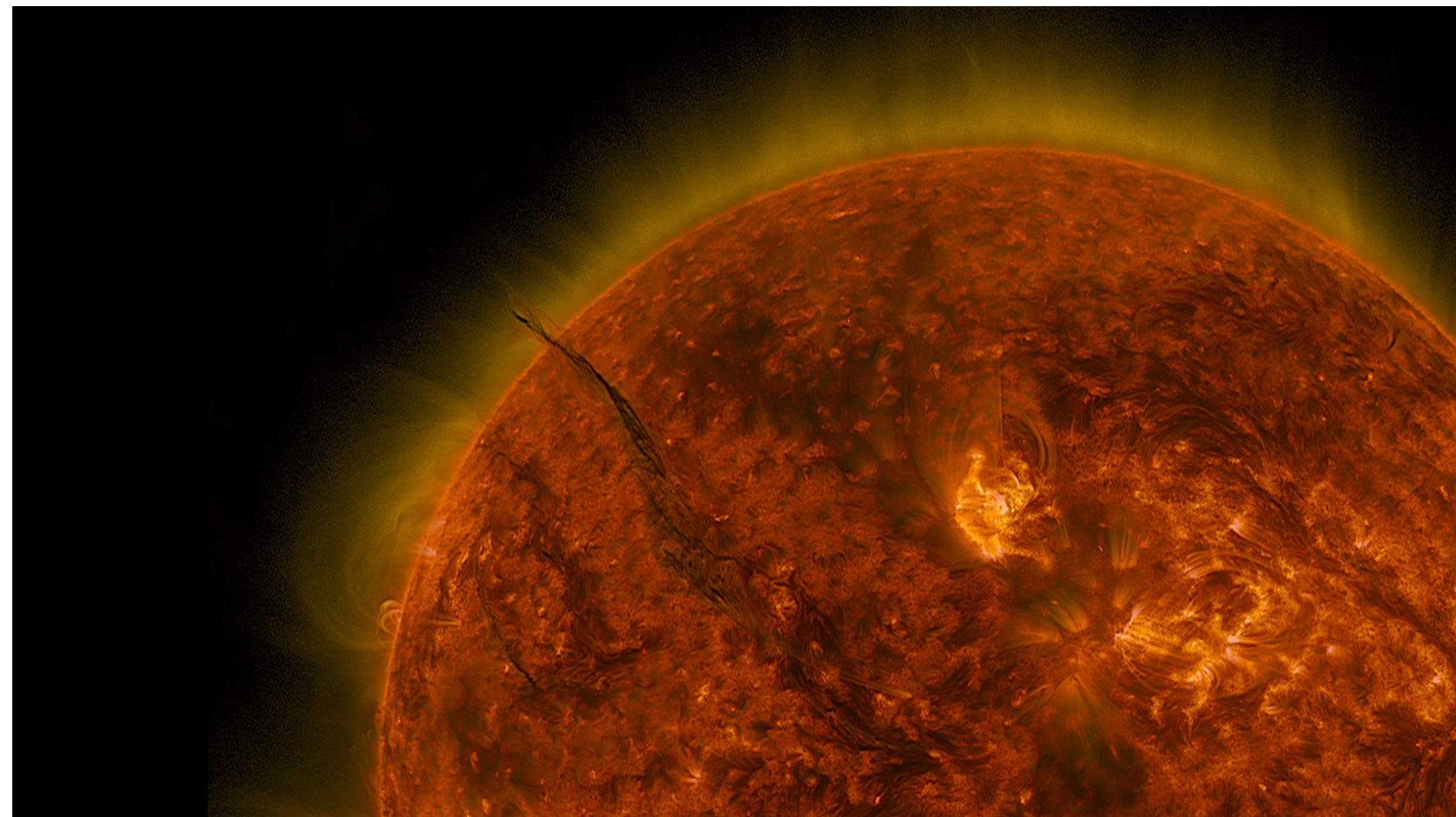
- Spiro Antiochos, PI, *GSFC/UMich*
- Tamas Gombosi, Co-I/Inst. PI, *UMich*
- Rick DeVore, Co-I, *GSFC*
- Bart van der Holst, Co-I, *UMich*
- Judy Karpen, Co-I, *GSFC*
- Chip Manchester, Co-I, *Umich*
- Pete Schuck, Co-I *GSFC*
- Igor Sokolov, Co-I, *UMich*
- Gabor Toth, Co-I, *Umich*
- **Numerous PostDocs and students**

Modular Solar Eruptions Capability (MSEC)



Science Objective: Eruptive flares & CMEs (SEEs) and their interplanetary impacts

Methodology: Enable *community* exploratory science



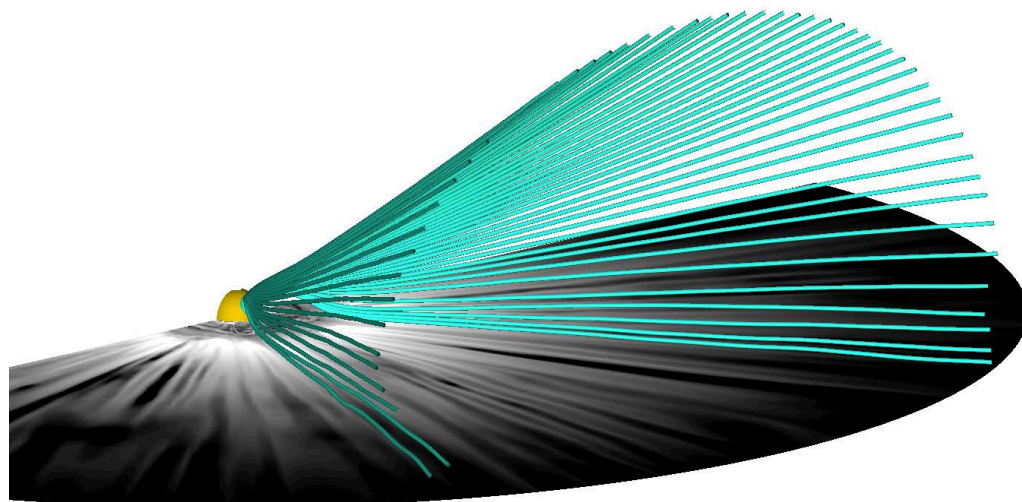
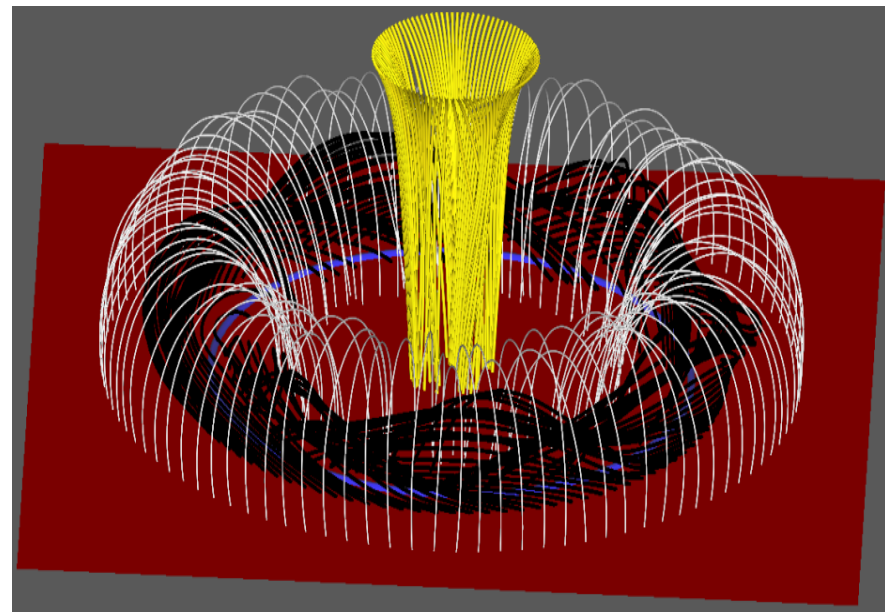
MSEC Modeling Successes



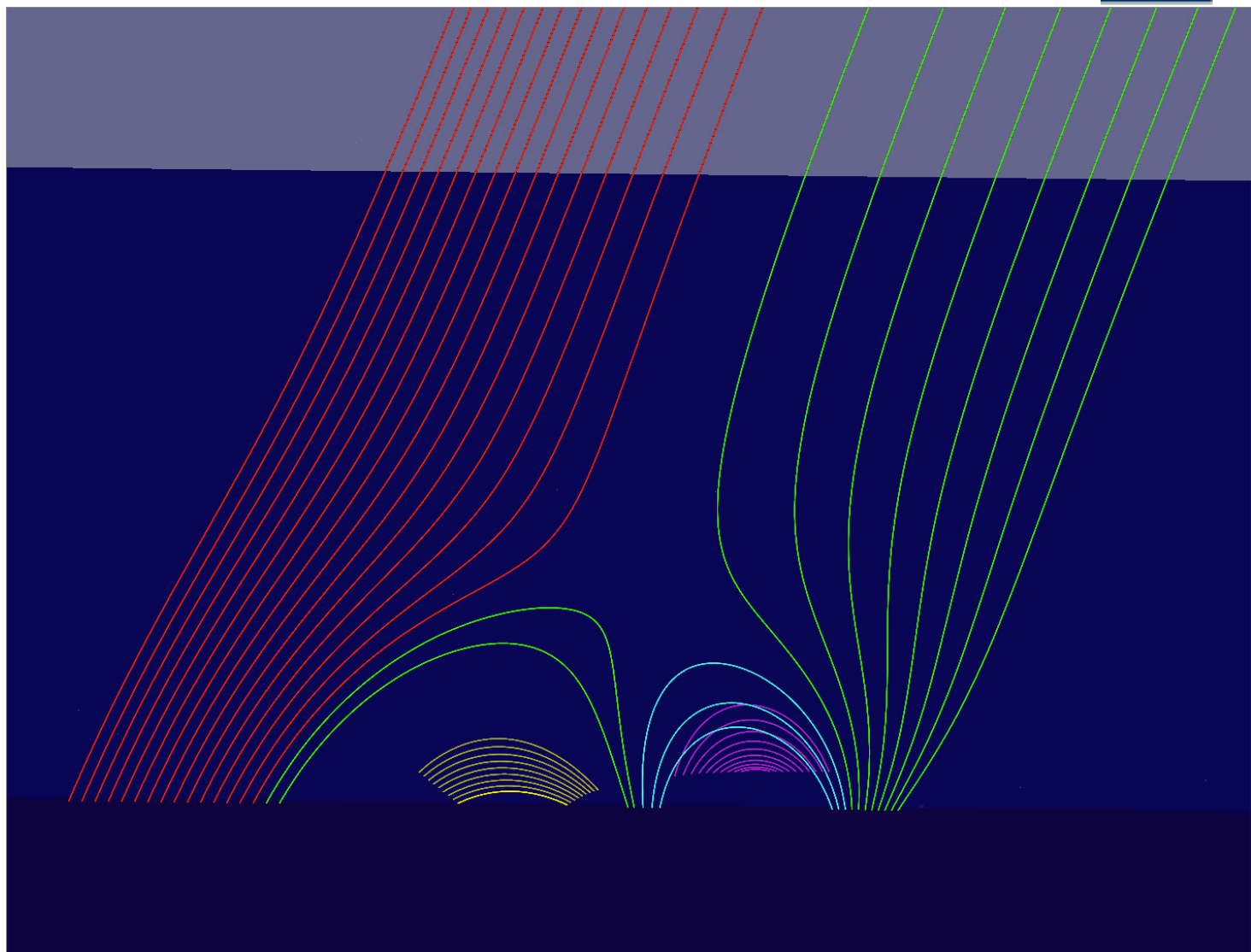
- *AWSOM*: quasi-steady 3D background from chromosphere to 5 AU
 - Includes comprehensive physics of corona and wind **at CCMC**
- *AWSOM-R*: 3D background model with breakthrough soltn. to TR problem
 - Runs faster than real time,
 - Ideal candidate for transition to operations, **at CCMC**
- *EEGGL*: eruptive event generator model
 - First community model for exploratory studies
 - True game changer, **at CCMC**
- All models at CCMC have extensive analysis tools for direct validation with mission data
 - COADRED breakthrough soltn. to SDO/HMI artifacts
- 250p training manual for suite of models with library of examples
 - all interfaces being developed with CCMC (e.g., *EEGGL*) incorporating user feedback

- *SWARM*: Active region scale flux emergence model
 - Includes full convection dynamics
 - Under development for delivery to CCMC
- *MHD-EPIC*: breakthrough software technology for embedding PIC physics into global extended MHD model
 - Validated and being used for science runs
 - See following talk for application to magnetosphere
- *MFLAMPA*: SEP shock acceleration and transport
 - Couples MHD and diffusion equation
 - Under development for delivery to CCMC
- *AMPS*: particle tracker suite
 - Extensive capabilities, **at CCMC**

- First demonstration of SEE free energy buildup by helicity condensation
 - (Antiochos, Zhao et al, Knizhnik et al)
- First demonstration of dynamic slow wind with large angular extent in heliosphere
 - (Higginson et al)
- First demonstration of jet driven by breakout
 - Key implications for all eruptions
 - (Karpen et al, Szente et al, Wyper et al)



- Eruption cannot be due to ideal instability
- Due to breakout reconnection (Wyper et al Nature 2017)



Six PhDs trained:

- Zhenguang Huang. A New Feature of the Quiet Sun Corona During Solar Minimum. (2014)
- Rona Oran. Coronal Heating and Solar Wind Acceleration by Alfvén Wave Turbulence: a Global Computational Model and Observations. (2014).
- Meng Jin. Numerical Study of Coronal Mass Ejections, Shocks, and Turbulence: from Chromosphere to 1 AU. (2014).
- Kalman Knizhnik. The Role of Magnetic Helicity in the Structure and Heating of the Sun's Corona (2016)
- Aleida Higginson. The Dynamics of the S-Web and Implications for the Solar Wind and Heliosphere (2017)
- Dmitry Borovikov. Towards a Forecasting Capability in Solar Energetic Particle Modeling (2017)

Modeling:

- Extend *EEGL* to variety of onset mechanisms
- Incorporate emergence *SWARM* into *AWSOM/EEGL*
- Incorporate kinetics from *MHD-EPIC* into *AWSOM/EEGL*
- Transition to operational capability

Science:

- Self-consistent eruption from emergence or helicity condensation or ...
- Incorporate kinetic resistivity into eruption/activity models